

# PLEASE - BEFORE YOU TRY IT YOUR WAY, TRY IT OURS!

## **Syntactic Foam Machining Guide**

Syntactic materials are generally easy to machine, frequently requiring no secondary polishing or surface preparation. Following the guidelines listed below will improve surface quality of the finished part and ensure consistency in performance. Cutting tools are available from ESS or Onsrud Cutter directly (800) 234-1560.

2 Flute, Plastic Cutting Tools     SHARP TOOLS are required. Syntactic foams are abrasive. Check cutting edges and monitor plug surface for evidence of dull tooling.  Speed and Feed  Varies by tool geometry and size.  Use "Chip Load" (the measurement of thickness of material removed by each cutting edge during a cut) from tooling manufacturer to develop feed rate.  Calculate Feed Rate (inches/minute) using the formula: Feed Rate = Chip Load x Spindle RPM x # of flutes.  For ESS supplied tools from this guide, the following feed rate calculations apply:  Number shown in bold is feed rate in inches/minute. Use formula above for metric tool calculations.  Spindle RPM  2500 5000 7500 10000 12,500 15000 17,500 20,000  0.002 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80  0.003 15 30 45 60 75 90 105 120  0.003 15 30 45 60 75 90 105 120  0.004 20 40 60 80 100 120 140 160  0.005 25 50 75 100 125 150 175 200  0.007 35 70 105 140 175 210 245 280  0.007 35 70 105 140 175 210 245 280  0.007 35 70 105 140 175 210 245 280  0.007 35 70 105 140 175 210 245 280  0.009 45 90 135 180 225 270 315 360  0.01 50 100 150 200 250 300 350 400  Optimization techniques  1. Experiment with the maximum possible chip size. Use feed rate as determined from the chip load rating and your machine RPM.  2. Increase feed rate until the part finish begins to deteriorate. Decrease feed rate 10%.  3. Decrease RPM by some set increment until surface finish begins to deteriorate. Once this happens, increase RPM until finish is again acceptable. Speed and feed are now optimized in your process.  4. Usage of separate tools for roughing and finishing allows rotation of finish tool into roughing position when part finish deteriorates.  5. Clear removed chips to prevent premature tool wear.  NOTE: Too low a feed rate will generate excess heat and reduce tool life. Proper settings will result in a tool operating at or near room temperature. Too high a feed rate will cause poor surface finish or part movement during machining.	Cutter Type	•	Solid Carbide												
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O.0035   18   35   53   70   88   105   123   140			0.002	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80				
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TB 111312



## **Syntactic Foam Machining Tools**

#### **Double Flute Upcut Spiral**

High helix geometry with a special point for upward chip flow, <u>smooth sidewall</u> and improved bottom finish.

Conventional cutting for roughing and finishing is recommended with these tools.



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					Roughing F	Roughing Parameters Finishi			Parameters		
Part # Cutting Diameter		Flute Length	Shank Diameter	Overall Length	Slotting*  RDOC <sup>i</sup> = 100%  ADOC <sup>ii</sup> = up to 1xD <sup>iii</sup>	Profiling*  RDOC <sup>i</sup> = 100%  ADOC <sup>ii</sup> = up to 1xD <sup>iii</sup>			RDOC <sup>i</sup> = 4	Floors* RDOC <sup>i</sup> = 40-65% ADOC <sup>ii</sup> = below	
Part #	Cut	Figure	Sha	Ove	Chip load	Chip load	Chip load	RDOC	Chip load	ADOCii	
52-703	1/8"	1/2"	1/4"	2"	.002003"	.002004"	.002"	.01"	.002"	.005"	
52-707	1/4"	7/8"	1/4"	3"	.003004	.003005	.003	.02	.003	.01	
52-710	3/16"	5/8"	1/4"	2-1/2"	.003004	.003005	.003	.01	.003	.005	
52-709	3/8"	1"	3/8"	3"	.003005	.003007	.004	.03	.004	.01	
52-702	1/2"	1-1/4"	1/2"	4"	.004007	.004009	.004	.04	.004	.015	
52-706	1/2"	2-1/8"	1/2"	4"	.004007	.004009	.004	.04	.004	.015	
52-712	5/8"	1-3/4"	5/8"	5"	.004008	.004010	.004	.04	.004	.02	
52-724	3/4"	2-1/2"	3/4"	5″	.004008	.004010	.005	.05	.005	.02	
52-742	12mm	35mm	12mm	100mm	.1018mm	.1023mm	.10mm	1mm	.10mm	.4mm	
52-744	12mm	45mm	12mm	100mm	.1018	.1023	.10	1	.10	.4	
52-746	12mm	55mm	12mm	100mm	.1018	.1023	.10	1	.10	.4	
52-752	16mm	45mm	16mm	120mm	.1020	.1025	.10	1	.10	.5	
52-754	16mm	55mm	16mm	120mm	.1020	.1025	.10	1	.10	.5	
52-764	20mm	65mm	20mm	125mm	.1020	.1025	.13	1.3	.13	.5	



# **Syntactic Foam Machining Tools**

### **High Finish Ball Nose**

3D contouring of syntactic materials. Unique geometry and highly polished surface result in a smooth surface without tool marks.

Conventional cutting is recommended for roughing and finishing with these tools.



Part#	Cutting Diameter	Flute Length	Shank Diameter	Overall Length	Roughing Parameters*  RDOC <sup>i</sup> = 33%  ADOC <sup>ii</sup> = up to 2xD <sup>iii</sup>	Finishing Parameters*		
					Chip load	Chip load	RDOC <sup>1</sup>	ADOC"
65-210B	1/8"	1/2"	1/8"	2-1/2"	.002004"	.002"	.002003"	.005"
65-225B	1/4"	1-1/8"	1/4"	3"	.003005	.003	.002003	.01
65-215B	3/16"	1/2"	1/4"	2-1/2"	.003005	.003	.002003	.005
65-250B	3/8"	1-1/8"	3/8"	3"	.003007	.004	.004006	.01
65-280B	3mm	12mm	3mm	64mm	.0510mm	.05mm	.0507mm	.13mm
65-285B	6mm	20mm	6mm	76mm	.0713	.07	.0509	.25
65-290B	8mm	25mm	8mm	76mm	.0715	.10	.0115	.25
65-295B	10mm	30mm	10mm	76mm	.0718	.10	.1015	.38



## **Syntactic Foam Machining Tools**

#### **Tapered Ball Nose** Available with a variety of taper angles and optimized geometry to produce a good edge finish. **Slotting Parameters\* Profiling Parameters\*** RDOC<sup>i</sup> = 100% $RDOC^{i} = 100\%$ Cutting Diameter Shank Diameter Overall Length Radius Flute Length Part# Flutes Chip load Chip load 1/8" 1/4" .003" 77-102 1-1/2" 1/16" .002 - .0035" 77-104 1" 1/4" 3<sup>0</sup> 1/8" 3" 3 1/16" .003 - .004 .005 3<sup>0</sup> 77-112 1/4" 2" 1/2" 4" 2 1/8" .003 - .004 .005 5<sup>0</sup> 77-114 1/4" 1-3/8" 1/2" 4" 2 1/8" .004 - .005 .006 1<sup>0</sup> 77-102M 39mm 76mm 3 1.6mm .05 - .09mm .07mm 3mm 6mm

3<sup>0</sup>

3<sup>0</sup>

5<sup>0</sup>

1.6mm

3.2mm

3.2mm

.07 - .10

.07 - .10

.10 - .13

3

2

3mm

6mm

6mm

25mm

50mm

35mm

6mm

12mm

12mm

76mm

100mm

100mm

77-104M

77-112M

77-114M

.25

.13

.15

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> RDOC: Radial Depth of Cut – the depth of the tool along its radius in the work piece as it makes its cut. Parameters referenced as a percentage (%) mean the tool should engage an amount of material equal to the % specified of the tool diameter. Areas referenced with a specific dimension should engage the dimension listed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>ii</sup> ADOC: Axial Depth of Cut – the depth of the tool along its axis in the work piece as it makes its cut. Parameters referenced as a percentage (%) mean the amount of material surface cut away will equal the cutting tool diameter at the % specified. Areas referenced with a specific dimension should cut the depth material at the depth dimension listed.

iii D: Cutting Diameter of Tool.